

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL SRF40 (FG00002)

DIRECT VENT ZERO CLEARANCE GAS FIREPLACE HEATER

MULTIFUNCTION REMOTE (MF)



We suggest that our gas hearth products be installed and serviced by professionals who are certified in the U.S. by the National Fireplace Institute (NFI) as NFI Gas Specialist.



SAFETY TESTED

ACCORDING TO ANSI Z21.88-2017

AND CSA 2.33-2017 STANDARDS

BY AN ACCREDITED LABORATORY.

ADANGER

HOT GLASS WILL CAUSE BURNS. **DO NOT TOUCH** GLASS UNTIL COOLED. **NEVER** ALLOW CHILDREN TO TOUCH GLASS. A barrier designed to reduce the risk of burns from the hot viewing glass is provided with this appliance and shall be installed for the protection of children and other at-risk individuals. NOTE : Barrier required, may be sold separately.

WARNING

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

• Failure to follow safety warnings exactly could result in serious injury, death or property damage.

• Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Leave the building immediately.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

WARNING

- If not installed, operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, this product could expose you to substances in fuel or from fuel combustion which can cause death or serious illness.
- This appliance may be installed in an aftermarket, permanently located, manufactured home (USA only) or mobile home, where it is not prohibited by local codes.
- This appliance is only for use with the type of gas indicated on the rating plate.
- This appliance is not convertible for use with other gases, unless a certified kit is used.

• Fuels used in gas, wood-burning or oil fired appliances, and the products of combustion of such fuels, contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65warnings.ca.gov/

INSTALLER: LEAVE THIS MANUAL WITH THE APPLIANCE



To reduce the risk of fire, follow the installation instructions in this manual.

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CERTIFICATION PLATE

Control number: 4002461	ED VENTED GAS FIREPLACE FOYER À GAZ HOMOLOG	POUR UTILISATION AU GAZ
Certified to / Certifié selon ANSI Z21.88 / CSA 2.33 Certified to / Certifié selon CAN/CSA - P.4.1 Category 1 REFER TO INTERTEK'S DIRECTORY OF BUILDING PRODUCTS FOR DETAILED INFORMATION SE RÉFÉRER AU RÉPERTOIRE DES PRODUITS HOMOLOGUÉS D'INTERTEK POUR PLUS D'INFORMATION No. de	MODEL / MODÈLE: SRF40	CONTACT LOCAL BUILDING OFFICIALS ABOUT TH RESTRICTIONS AND INSTALLATION INSPECTION I YOUR AREA. COMMUNIQUER AVEC LES AUTORITÉS LOCALES D BÂTIMENT ET DE LA PRÉVENTION DES INCENDIES A SUJET DES RESTRICTIONS D'INSTALLATION DAN VOTRE SECTEUR.
TYPE OF GAS / GENRE DE GAZ: ORIFICE DRILL SIZE / GROSSEUR TROU DE L'ORIFICE: MAX. INPUT / PUISSANCE MAXIMALE D'ENTRÉE : GAS SUPPLY PRESSUNCE / PRESSION LIGNE À GAZ MAXIMUM PRESSION / PRESSION MAXIMALE MINIMUM POR PURPOSE OF ADJUSTMENT / MINIMUM POUR PERMETTRE L'AJUSTEMENT À L'ENTRÉE: MANIFOLD / PRESSION DES GAZ		
L'INSTALLATION ET L'OPERATION DOIT SE FAIRE SELON LES INST PREVENT HOUSE FIRES Not for use with solid fuel. Keep burner and control compartment clean. Do not overfire unit. For use with glass doors certified with the appliance only. This fireplace may be installed as an aftermarket, permanently lo manufactured home (USA only) or mobile home, where not proh by local codes. This appliance must be installed in accordance with manufacture instructions and local codes. In the absence of local codes, follow current NFPA 54/ANSI 2223.1 or CSA B149.1 installation codes.	P Pas conçu pour utilisation avec Maintenir le brûleur et le comp Ne pas surchauffer le foyer. Pour utilisation seulement ave cated, Cet appareil peut être installé les règlements locaux le perm Cet appareil doit être installé c locaux. En l'absence de codes l	RÉVENEZ LES INCENDIES combustible solide. partiment de contrôle propre. c la vitre certifiée avec le produit. dans une maison préfabriquée (mobile) déjà installée si ettent. conformément aux instructions du fabricant et aux codes jocaux, suivez les codes d'installation actuels NFPA.
Sidewall / Mur latéral [1] : Ceiling / Plafond [1] : Mantles, shelves, etc./ Manteaux, tablettes, etc. : Center of vent to nearest outside corner or obstruct	4 1/4 in./po. (1 41 in./po. (104 [2]	-
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1. Safety Information

Before enclosing the vent pipe assembly, operate the appliance to ensure it is venting properly.



DO NOT OPERATE THIS APPLIANCE WITHOUT GLASS FRONT PANEL INSTALLED.

- 1. Due to high temperatures, the appliance should be located out of traffic and away from furniture and draperies.
- 2. Children and adults should be alerted to the hazards of high surface temperature and should stay away to avoid burns or clothing ignition.
- 3. Young children should be carefully supervised when they are in the same room as the appliance. Toddlers, young children, and others may be susceptible to accidental contact burns. A physical barrier is recommended if there are at-risk individuals in the house. To restrict access to a fireplace or stove, install an adjustable safety gate to keep toddlers, young children, and other at-risk individuals out of the room and away from hot surfaces.
- 4. For appliances requiring a barrier, as determined under Clause 5.15.4: "A barrier designed to reduce the risk of burns from the hot viewing glass is provided with this appliance and shall be installed for the protection of children and other at-risk individuals."

- 5. If the barrier becomes damaged, the barrier shall be replaced with the manufacturer's barrier for this appliance.
- 6. Clothing or other flammable material should not be placed on or near the appliance.
- 7. Any safety screen, guard, or barrier removed for servicing an appliance must be replaced prior to operating the appliance (see Clause 4.1.6).
- 8. Installation and repair should be done by a qualified service person. The appliance should be inspected before use and at least annually by a professional service person. More frequent cleaning might be required due to excessive lint from carpeting, bedding material, et cetera. It is imperative that control compartments, burners, and circulating air passageways of the appliance be kept clean.
- 9. Only doors certified with the appliance shall be used.

WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE STEPS OUTLINED BELOW FOR EACH APPLIANCE CONNECTED TO THE VENTING SYSTEM BEING PLACED INTO OPERATION COULD RESULT IN CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING OR DEATH.

THE FOLLOWING STEPS SHALL BE FOLLOWED FOR EACH APPLIANCE CONNECTEDTO THE VENTING SYSTEM BEING PLACED INTO OPERATION, WHILE ALL OTHER APPLIANCES CONNECTED TO THE VENTING SYSTEM ARE NOT IN OPERATION:

- 1. Seal any unused openings in the venting system.
- Inspect the venting system for proper size and horizontal pitch, as required in the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 or the National Gas and Propane Installation Code CSA B149.1 and these instructions. Determine that there is no blockage or restriction, leakage, corrosion and other deficiencies which could cause an unsafe condition.
- 3. As far as practical, close all building doors and windows and all doors between the space in which the appliance(s) connected to the venting system are located and other spaces of the building.
- 4. Close fireplace dampers.

- 5. Turn on clothes dryers and any appliance not connected to the venting system. Turn on any exhaust fans, such as range hoods and bathroom exhausts, so they are operating at maximum speed. Do not operate a summer exhaust fan. Follow the lighting instructions. Place the appliance being inspected into operation. Adjust the thermostat so appliance is operating continuously.
- 6. Test for spillage from draft hood equipped appliances at the draft hood relief opening after 5 minutes of main burner operation. Use the flame of a match or candle.
- 7. If improper venting is observed during any of the above tests, the venting system must be corrected in accordance with National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA and/or National Gas and Propane Installation Code, CSA B149.1.
- 8. After it has been determined that each appliance connected to the venting system properly vents when tested as outlined above, return doors, windows, exhaust fans, fireplace dampers and any other gas-fired burning appliance to their previous conditions of use.

SAFETY INFORMATION FOR USERS OF PROPANE GAS

Propane is a flammable gas which can cause fires and explosions. In its natural state, propane is odorless and colorless. You may not know all the following safety precautions which can protect both you and your family from an accident. Read them carefully now, then review them point by point with the members of your household. Someday when there may not be a minute to lose, everyone's safety will depend on knowing exactly what to do. If, after reading the following information, you feel you still need more information, please contact your gas supplier.



If a gas leak happens, you should be able to smell the gas because of the odorant put in the propane gas. That's your signal to go into immediate action!

- Do not operate electric switches, light matches, use your phone. Do not do anything that could ignite the gas.
- Get everyone out of the building, vehicle, trailer, or area. Do that IMMEDIATELY.
- Close all gas tank or cylinder supply valves.
- Propane Gas is heavier than air and may settle in low areas such as basements. When you have reason to suspect a gas leak, keep out of basements and other low areas. Stay out until firefighters declare them to be safe.
- Use your neighbor's phone and call a trained Propane Gas service person and the fire department.
- Even though you may not continue to smell gas, do not turn on the gas again. Do not re-enter the building, vehicle, trailer, or area.
- Finally, let the service man and firefighters check for escaped gas. Have them air out the area before you return. Properly trained Propane Gas service people should repair the leak, then check and relight the gas fireplace for you.

NO ODOR DETECTED - ODOR FADE

Some people cannot smell well. Some people cannot smell the odor of the chemical put into the gas. You must find out if you can smell the odorant in propane. Smoking can decrease your ability to smell. Being around an odor for a time can affect your sensitivity or ability to detect that odor. Sometimes other odors in the area mask the gas odor. People may not smell the gas odor or their minds are on something else. Thinking about smelling a gas odor can make it easier to smell. The odorant in Propane Gas is colorless, and it can fade under some circumstances. For example, if there is an underground leak, the movement of the gas through soil can filter the odorant. Odorants in Propane Gas also are subject to oxidation. This fading can occur if there is rust inside the storage tank or in iron gas pipes.

SAFETY INFORMATION FOR USERS OF PROPANE GAS (CONT'D)

The odorant in escaped gas can adsorb or absorb onto or into walls, masonry and other materials and fabrics in a room. That will take some of the odorant out of the gas, reducing its odor intensity. Propane Gas may stratify in a closed area, and the odor intensity could vary at different levels. Since it is heavier than air, there may be more odor at lower levels. Always be sensitive to the slightest gas odor. If you detect any odor, treat it as a serious leak. Immediately go into action as instructed earlier.

SOME POINTS TO REMEMBER

Learn to recognize the odor of Propane Gas.

Your local Propane Gas Dealer can give you a "Scratch and Sniff" pamphlet. Use it to find out what the propane odor smells like. If you suspect that your Propane Gas has a weak or abnormal odor, call your Propane Gas Dealer.

If you are not qualified, do not light pilot lights, perform service, or make adjustments to appliances on the Propane Gas system. If you are gualified, consciously think about the odor of Propane Gas prior to and while lighting pilot lights or performing service or making adjustments.

Sometimes a basement or a closed-up house has a musty smell that can cover up the Propane Gas odor. Do not try to light pilot lights, perform service, or make adjustments in an area where the conditions are such that you may not detect the odor if there has been a leak of Propane Gas.

Odor fade, due to oxidation by rust or adsorption on walls of new cylinders and tanks, is possible. Therefore, people should be particularly alert and careful when new tanks or cylinders are placed in service. Odor fade can occur in new tanks, or reinstalled old tanks, if they are filled and allowed to set too long before refilling. Cylinders and tanks which have been out of service for a time may develop internal rust which will cause odor fade. If such conditions are suspected to exist, a periodic sniff test of the gas is advisable.

If you have any question about the gas odor, call your Propane Gas Dealer. A periodic sniff test of the Propane Gas is a good safety measure under any condition.

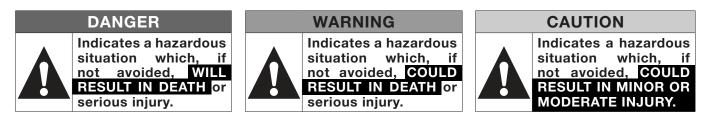
If, at any time, you do not smell the Propane Gas odorant and you think you should, assume you have a leak. Then take the same immediate action recommended above for the occasion when you do detect the odorized Propane Gas.

ENGLISH

If you experience a complete "gas out," (the container is under no vapor pressure), turn the tank valve off immediately. If the container valve is left on, the container may draw in some air through openings such as pilot light orifices. If this occurs, some new internal rusting could occur. If the valve is left open, then treat the container as a new tank. Always be sure your container is under vapor pressure by turning it off at the container before it goes completely empty or having it refilled before it is completely empty.

2. General Information

- This fireplace is field convertible from Natural Gas to propane or from Propane to Natural Gas. See instructions packaged with the conversion kit for further information.
- This appliance is designed and approved as a supplemental heater and provides the potential for most energy conservation when used while attended. The use of an alternative primary heat source is advisable.
- The blower kit is already installed.
- Sample Warnings and Definitions



NOTICE: Addresses practices not related to personal injury.

2.1 Appliance Certification

Consult your local building code agency, prior to installation, to ensure compliance with local codesincluding permits and inspections. The fireplace, when installed, must be electrically grounded in accordance with local codes or, in absence of local codes, with the National Electric Code ANSI/NFPA 70 or Canadian Electric code, CSA C22.1, if an external electrical source is utilized.

2.2 Qualified Installing/reparing Agency

Installation and replacement of gas piping, gas utilization equipment or accessories and repair and servicing of equipment **shall be performed only by a qualified agency.**

The term "qualified agency" means any individual, firm, corporation or company which either in person or through a representative is engaged in and is responsible for :

- (a) the installation or replacement of gas piping or
- (b) the connection, installation, repair or servicing of equipment, who is experienced in such work, familiar with all precautions required and has complied with all the requirements of the authority having jurisdiction.

NOTICE: The installation must be made by a licensed plumber or gas fitter in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

WARNING

ANY CHANGE TO THIS FIREPLACE OR ITS CONTROLS CAN BE DANGEROUS. Improper installation or use of the fireplace can cause serious injury or death from fire, burns, explosions, or carbon monoxide poisoning.

The installation must conform with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/ NFPA 54* Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code, or CSA B149.1 in Canada.

Any alteration of the original design, installed other than as shown in these instructions or use with a type of gas not shown on the rating plate is the responsibility of the person and company making the change.

2.3 High Altitude

When installing this fireplace at an elevation above 2,000 feet (in the United States) it may be necessary to decrease the input rating by changing the existing burner orifice to a smaller size. Generally, input should be reduced 4 percent for each 1,000 feet above sea level. However, if the heating value of the gas has been reduced, this general rule may not apply. Check with SBI for proper orifice size identification.

Canadian High Altitude

When installing this fireplace at an elevation above 4 500 feet (1,370 m), check with local gaz utility for assistance in determining the proper orifice for location.

2.4 While unpacking

Before starting to unpack, place the fireplace near its final location. Undo the uprights from the packaging, be careful not to damage the appliance. Unscrew the anchors holding the fireplace to the pallet. Lift the hearth out the pallet. While unpacking, verify that the fireplace and components have not been damaged during shipping and there is no components missing.

2.5 Installation Guidelines

In planning the installation for the fireplace, determine where the fireplace is to be installed and whether optional accessories are desired. Gas supply piping, electrical connections and venting should also be planned at this time. Refer to the framing section to understand proper opening size of framing required for installation of the fireplace. The framing of the fireplace will determine how the fireplace finishing materials will be applied.

NOTICE: A manufactured home (USA only) or mobile home OEM installation must conform with the Manufatured Home Construction and Safety Standard, Title 24 CFR, Part 3280, or, when such a standard is not applicable, the Standard for Manufactured Home.

2.6 Preparation

This direct vent gas fireplace and its components are tested and safe when installed in accordance with this installation manual. Report to your dealer any parts damaged in shipment, specifically check glass condition. Do not install fireplace with damaged, incomplete, or substitute parts. Read all instructions before starting installation and follow these instructions carefully during installation to insure maximum benefit and safety. Failure to follow them will void your warranty and may present a fire hazard.

The warranty will be voided by, and the warranter disclaims any responsibility for the following actions:

- Installation of any damaged fireplace or vent system component.
- Modification of the fireplace or direct vent system.
- Installation other than as instructed by SBI.
- Improper positioning of the glass door, or decorative accessories including logs, rocks, crushed glass or other approved media.
- Installation or use of any component part not manufactured or approved by manufacturer.

2.7 Specifications

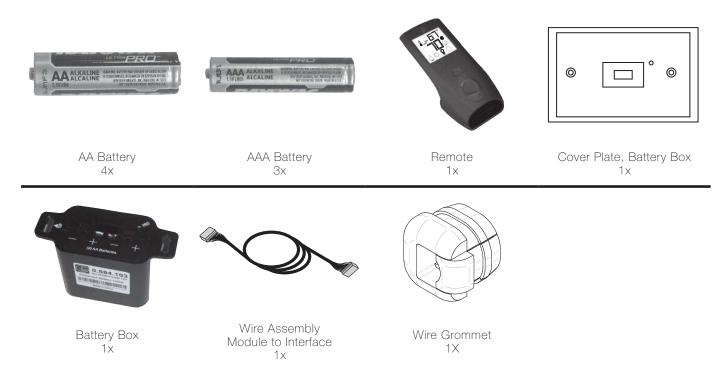
	Propane	Natural
Max. Input (BTU/Hr)	45,000	47,500
Min. Input (BTU/Hr)	35,000	30,000
KWH (Max.)	13.19	13.92
KWH (Min.)	10.26	8.79
Maximum Gas Supply Pressures (inches water column)	14.0	14.0
Minimum Gas Supply Pressures (inches water column)	10.8	4.5
Manifold Gas Supply Pressures (inches water column)	10.0	3.5
Burner orifice Front	#56	2.25 mm
Burner orifice Rear	1.55 mm	2.45 mm
Efficiency	71.6 %	70.7 %
Air Shutter Opening Front	Fully Open	Fully Closed
Air Shutter Opening Rear	Fully Open	1/18" Closed
Gas Inlet Shut-off Valve (pipe)	1/2" NPT	1/2" NPT
Vent Size	5" x 8"	5" x 8"
Blower spec	120 V, 60 HZ,	33W, 76 CFM
Light Bulb replacement	35w Clear Halogen, BI-Pin 6.	35 mm base, 120 vac, UL

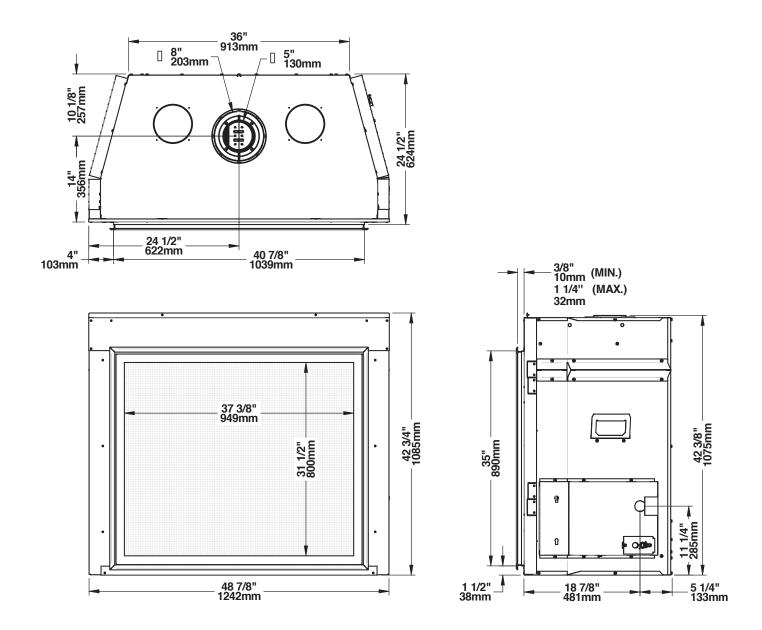
NOTICE: Air shutter settings are factory minimum settings. Some venting configurations may require minor air shutter adjustments for optimum performance.

ENGLISH

2.8 Plastic bag contents and Hardware Pack

See complete parts list for ordering replacement parts. Do not order batteries, bolts, screws, washers or nuts. They are standard hardware items and can be purchased at any local hardware store.





3. Fireplace Installation

3.1 Safety Information

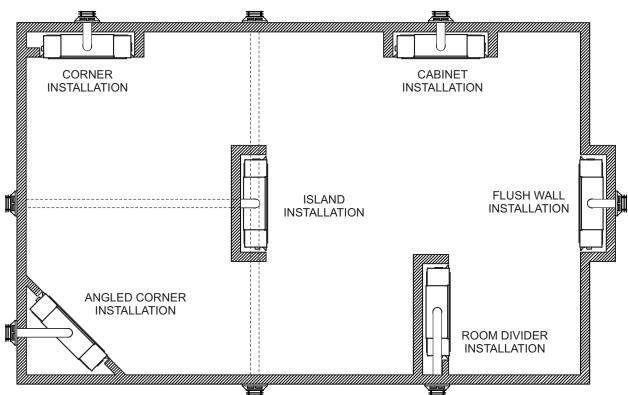


FRAMING

WARNING

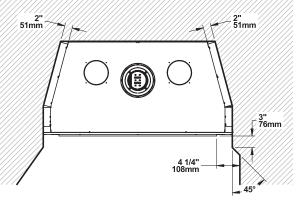
Hot Wall surfaces! The Wall directly above the fireplace is constructed of non-combustible materials and although safe, it may reach temperatures in excess of 250°F depending on choice of trims or optionnal accessories. Do not touch. Finish the wall using materials suitable for these temperatures.

3.2 Appliance Location



NOTE: Island and Room Divider installation is possible as long as the horizontal portion of the vent system does not exceed 20 feet with a minimum vertical run of 8 feet.

NOTE: When installing this fireplace against an exterior wall, insulate to applicable insulation codes. When you install your direct vent fireplace in room divider or flat on wall corner positions, a minimum of 8 inches clearance must be maintained from the perpendicular wall and the front opening of the fireplace.



NOTE: COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS ALLOWED IN SHADED AREA

3.3 Framing Clearances and Mantle

A chase is a vertical box-like structure built to enclose the gas fireplace and its vent system. In cooler climates the vent should be enclosed inside the chase.

NOTICE: Treatment of ceiling firestops and wall shield firestops and construction of the chase may vary with the type of building. These instructions are not substitutes for the requirements of local building codes. Therefore, you MUST check local building codes to determine the requirements to these steps.

A chase should be constructed in the manner of all outside walls of the home to prevent cold air drafting problems. The chase should not break the outside building envelope in any manner. Walls, ceiling, base plate and cantilever floor of the chase should be insulated. Vapor and air infiltration barriers should be installed in the chase as per regional codes for the rest of the home.

Additionally, in regions where cold air infiltration may be an issue, the inside surfaces may be sheet rocked and taped (or an equivalent method may be used) to achieve maximum air tightness.

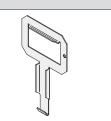
To further prevent drafts, the wall shield and ceiling firestops should be caulked with caulk rated for a minimum of 300°F continuous exposure rating to seal gaps. Gas line holes and other openings should be caulked or stuffed with unfaced insulation.

If the fireplace is being installed on a cement surface, a layer of plywood may be placed underneath to prevent conducting cold up into the room.

Attention: Cold climate installation recommendation: When installing this fireplace against a noninsulated exterior wall, it is recommended that the outer walls be insulated to conform to applicable insulation codes.

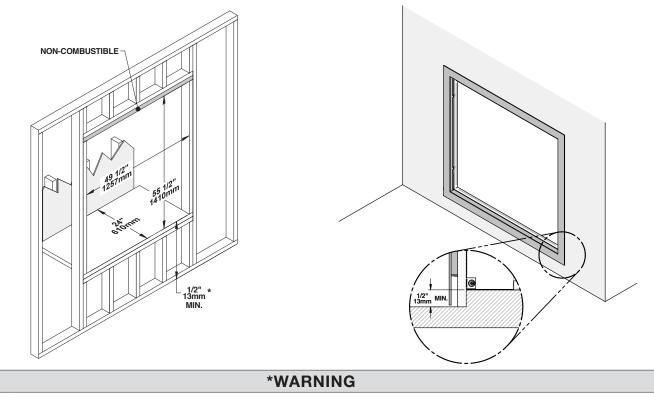
WARNING

Before building the framing, make sure to remove the glass door latch tool secured to the top of the left side for shipping. This tool is needed to open the glass door.



ENGLISH

Framing dimension A includes a 13 inch clearance for framing standoffs on fireplace. After installing fireplace into framing, the non-combustible board must cover the 13 inch opening above the fireplace.



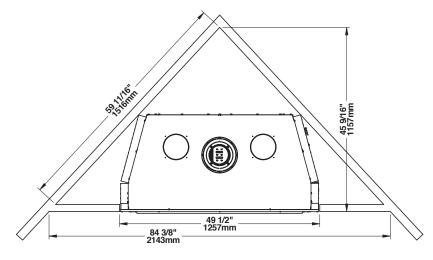


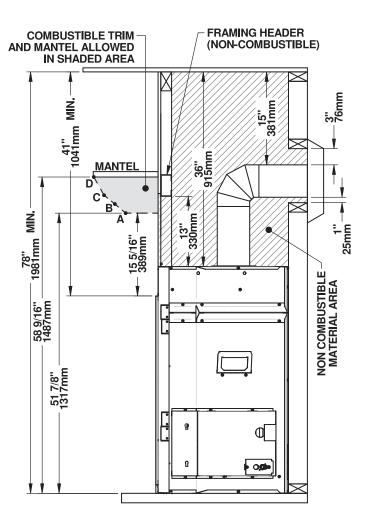
The appliance can be mounted on any of the following surfaces:

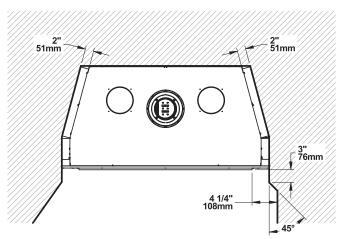
- 1. A flat, hard combustible or non-combustible surface.
- 2. A raised wooden platform.
- 3. Four corner supports (such as masonry blocks). These supports must be positioned so they contact all four perimeter edges on the bottom of the unit.

3.3.1 Corner Framing









NOTE: COMBUSTIBLE MATERIALS ALLOWED IN SHADED AREA

Index Distance from letter fireplace opening		Distance from finished wall
Α	15 5/16" (389 mm)	6" (152 mm)
В	17" (432 mm)	8" (203 mm)
С	18 5/8" (473 mm)	10" (254 mm)
D	22" (559 mm)	12" (305 mm)

This fireplace can be elevated off the floor provided that the fireplace is properly supported by framing materials and the ceiling clearances are maintained.

Fireplace framing can be built before or after the fireplace is set in place. Framing should be positioned to accommodate wall covering and fireplace facing material. The fireplace framing should be built with 2 x 4 lumbers and/or metals studs. The framing header must mandatorily be built with metal studs.



Measure fireplace dimensions and verify framing methods, and wall covering details before framing construction begins.



WARNING

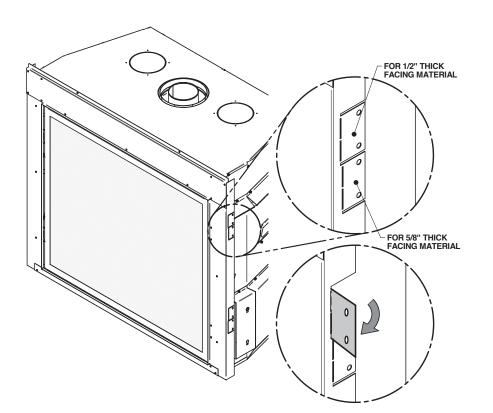
If the fireplace is installed directly on carpeting, tile or other combustible material other than wood flooring, it should be installed on a metal or wood panel extending the full width and depth of the fireplace.

		C + V + J + U + J + U	
_	VENT TERMINAL	AIR SUPPLY INLET	AREA WHERE TERMINAL IS NOT PERMITTED
	DESCRIPTION	CANADA ¹	UNITED STATES ²
A	Clearance above grade, veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	12 in (30 cm)	12 in (30 cm)
В	Clearance to window or door that may be open	12 in (30 cm) for appliances > 10,000 Btuh (3 kW) and \leq 100,000 Btuh (30 kW)	9 in (23 cm) for appliances > 10,000 Btuh (3 kW) and ≤ 50,000 Btuh (15 kW)
С	Clearance to permanently closed window	12 in (30 cm)	12 in (30 cm)
D	Vertical clearance ventilated soffit located above the terminal within a horizontal distance of 2 feet (61 cm) from the center line of the terminal	18 in (46 cm)	18 in (46 cm)
Е	Clearances to unventilated soffit	18 in (46 cm)	18 in (46 cm)
F	Clearance to outside corner	see page 41	see page 41
G	Clearance to inside corner	see page 41	see page 41
Н	Clearance to each side of center line extended above meter/ regulator assembly	3 ft (91 cm) within a height 15 ft (4.5 m) above the meter/regulator assembly	3 ft (91 cm)
I	Clearance to service regulator vent outlet	3 ft (91 cm)	61 in (1.55 m)
J	Clearance to nonmechanical air supply inlet to building or the combustion air inlet to any other appliance	12 in (30 cm) for appliances > 10,000 Btuh (3 kW) and \leq 100,000 Btuh (30 kW)	9 in (23 cm) for appliances > 10,000 Btuh (3 kW) and ≤ 50,000 Btuh (15 kW)
к	Clearance to a mechanical air supply inlet	6 ft (1.83 m)	3 ft (91 cm) above if within 10 ft (3 m) hori- zontally
L	Clearance above paved sidewalk or paved driveway located on public property	7 ft (2.13 m) ³	7 ft (2.13 m) ⁴
М	Clearance under veranda, porch deck, or balcony	12 in (30 cm) ⁴	12 in (30 cm)

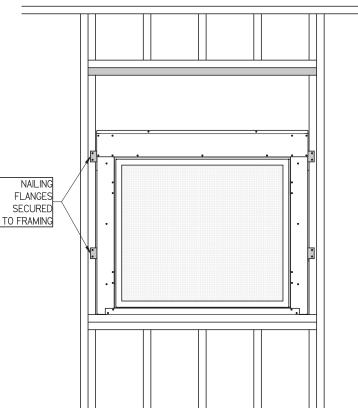
¹ In accordance with the current CSA B149.1, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code
 ² In Accordance with the current ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, National Fuel Gas Code
 ³ A vent shall not terminate directly above a sidewalk or paved driveway that is located between two single family dwellings and serves both dwellings.
 ⁴ Permitted only if veranda, porch, deck, or balcony is fully open on a minimum of two sides beneath the floor.

3.3.2 Fireplace installation

- 1. Choose fireplace location.
- 2. Frame in the fireplace with a header accross the top. When setting the depth of the fireplace, it is important to allow enough space for the facing material.



 Secure fireplace to framing with nailing flanges. Preset depth to suit facing material (1/2" or 5/8" thick).



3.4 Finishing

Use Non-Combustible materials where indicated for the fireplace installation.

Non-combustible materials do not ignite or burn as a result of using the fireplace. These include metal, brick, ceramic, concrete, slate, glass and plaster. Adhesives must be rated for high temperatures. Any mechanical fasteners used to install material must also be non-combustible, including wall anchors and tile spacers. Materials that pass the ASTM E 136 test (Standard Test Method for Behavior of Materials in a Vertical Tube Furnace at 750C) are considered non-combustible.

- Frame unit with metal studs (minimum 20 gauge). Wooden studs may be used, but may cause drywall screws to pop or pull due to wood studs drying out.
- Use fiberglass (mesh) tape for all joints in area of the fireplace.
- Use Yellow joint mud (contains high amounts of glue) two coats, finishing with one coat of green topping mud, sand and prep for painting.
- When using paint or lacquer to finish the mantel, the paint or lacquer must be heat resistant to prevent discolouration
- A full single sheet of non-combustible board (no joints) above the unit is recommended if possible.
- It is preferred to attach the non-combustible board to framing only and not directly to the unit to allow for expansion and contraction during normal operation.
- Lighter colored painted surfaces may discolor due to heat exposure.

Finish the walls with the material of your choice. Only non-combustible materials may be used to cover the black fireplace front.

WARNING

When finishing the fireplace never obstruct or modify the air inlet/outlet louvers in any manner. Provide adequate clearances around air openings into the combustion chamber.



CAUTION

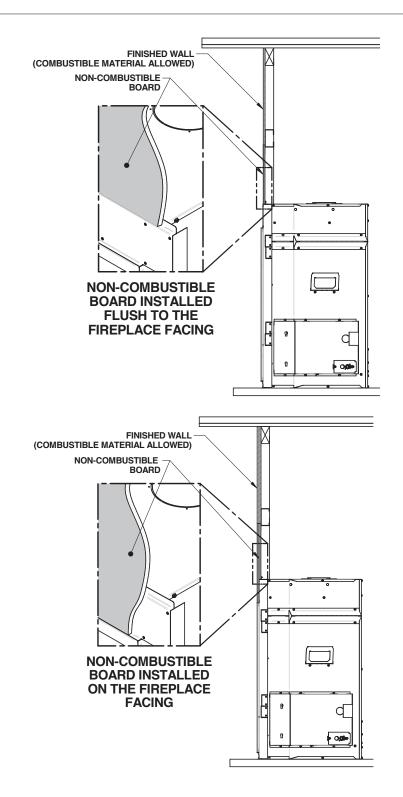
If the joints between the finished wall and the fireplace surround (top and sides) are sealed, a 300 °F minimum sealant material must be used. These joints are not required to be sealed. Only non-combustible material (using 300°F minimum adhesive if needed), can be applied as facing to the fireplace surround.

Only trim kits(s) supplied by the manufacturer shall be used in the installation of this appliance.

WARNING





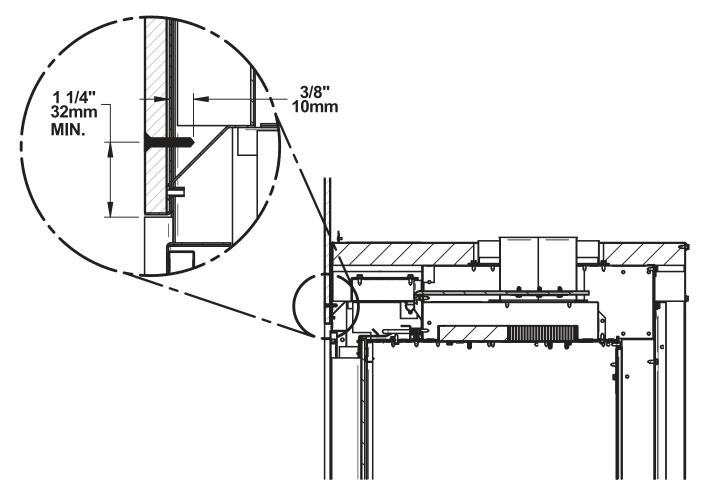


3.5 Installing a television above a fireplace

Installing a television above a fireplace has become increasingly popular; however, the area above any fireplace gets hot and most TV manufacturers recommend against placing their products near a heat source. If you install a television above this fireplace, SBI accepts no responsibility for damage or injuries.

Follow the television manufacturer's installation instructions, including any recommendations regarding proximity to heat sources.

If you have a TV above your fireplace, turn off the fireplace and let it cool completely before servicing or touching any buttons on the TV.



Do not drive excessively long screws into the face of the unit as internal parts may be damaged.

4. Venting installation

4.1 General

Select horizontal or vertical. Determine Path and Exit Location

4.1.1 Vent Graph

This fireplace vents out of the top only, but allows for a horizontal or a vertical vent termination. This fireplace requires a minimum 12-inch vertical vent pipe before any horizontal venting. Use the Vent Graph Below for Horizontal and Vertical Termination.

- First, determine the desired position of the fireplace 1. and the desired location of the vent termination.
- Measure from the door to the centerline of the horizontal 2. vent pipe at the desired termination height.
- 3. Measure the distance from the wall to the centerline of the vertical vent pipe.
- Plot this intersect point on the graph. This point must 4. fall in the white area of the grid to ensure proper venting. If not, reposition the fireplace and/or venting.

EXAMPLE A: Long Vertical

The vertical dimension from the floor to the center line of the horizontal venting is 32 feet, so the horizontal run to the outer wall flange must not exceed 5 feet.

EXAMPLE B: Medium Vertical

The vertical dimension from the floor to the centerline of the horizontal venting is 24 feet, so the horizontal run to the outer wall flange must not exceed 9 1/2 feet.

EXAMPLE C: Long Horizontal

If the horizontal run to the outer wall flange is 16 feet, the vertical dimension from the floor of the unit to the center of the termination must not be less than 9 1/2 feet.

EXAMPLE D: Minimum Vertical and Maximum Horizontal

The vertical vent off the top of the fireplace is 1 foot, so horizontal run to the outer wall flange is limited to 2 feet.

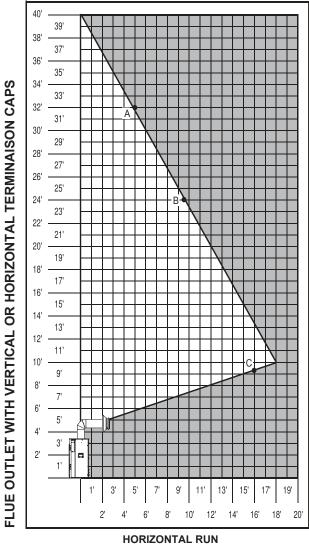
SPECIAL NOTE: For each 45° elbow installed in the horizontal run, reduce the maximum length of the horizontal run by 18 inches. Reduce by 36 inches for every 90° elbow. This does not apply if the elbows are installed on the vertical part of the vent system.

Example: According to the chart the maximum horizontal vent length is 18 feet. If two 45° elbows are required in the horizontal vent it must be reduced to 15 feet. The maximum number of 45° elbows permitted is two - weather installed in the vertical or horizontal run. The maximum number of 90° elbows in a vent run is three.

NOTE: On vertical venting the first elbow does not get counted.

NOTE: A horizontal vent with the minimum required vertical rise (using a 12-inch section of vent before the elbow) will use a maximum 2 foot section of horizontal vent before the termination

SIDEWALL VENT GRAPH (Dimensions in Feet)



VERTICAL DIMENSION FROM THE BOTTOM OF THE UNIT TO THE CENTER OF THE

 \square

Acceptable vertical and horizontal vent run. (40' maximum vertical and 18' maximum horizontal)

Unacceptable vertical and horizontal vent run. See Examples A, B and C.

Information on Various Venting Routes and Components Important: It is always best to locate the fireplace in such a way that minimizes the number of offsets and horizontal vent length. Since it is very important that the venting system maintain its balance between the combustion air intake and the flue gas exhaust, certain limitations as to vent configurations apply and must be strictly adhered to.

The graph showing the relationship between vertical and horizontal side wall venting will help to determine the various vent lengths allowable. The horizontal vent run refers to the total length of vent pipe from the flue collar of the fireplace to the face of the outer wall. Venting termination shall not be recessed into wall or siding.

WARNING

When an existing gas fireplace heater is removed or replaced, the original venting system may no longer be sized to properly vent the attached appliances.

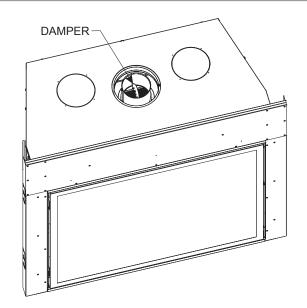
4.2 Damper Adjustment

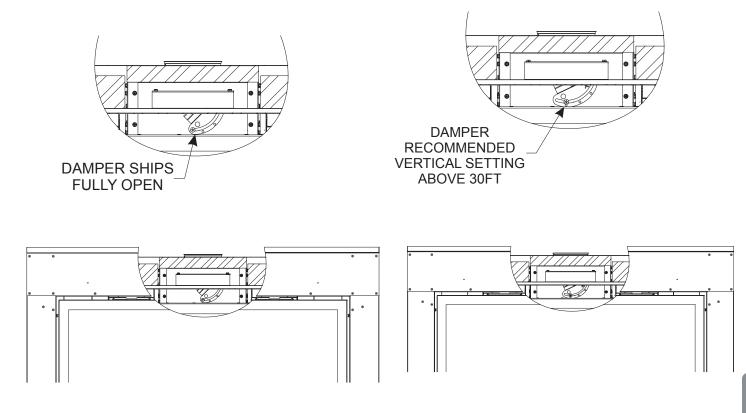
This unit has an adjustable damper for use with vertically terminated units only. The damper is shipped in a fully open position and may be adjusted per installation. To adjust, loosen the Phillip screw and rotate handle towards the left to close. We recommend a 1/3 closed on installations above 30 ft.

VENTING



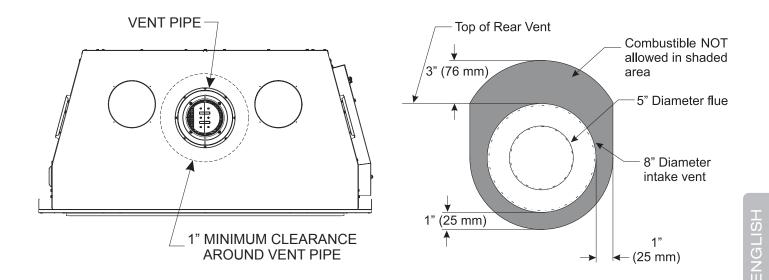
Adjust damper for vertically terminated units only. Do not adjust for horizontally terminated units





4.3 Clearance to Combustibles

NOTICE: Maintain one inch (1") of clearance around vertical vent pipe. For horizontal vent, maintain a minimum 1 inch clearance to the bottom and sides of the vent, and 3 inch clearance to combustibles above the vent pipe.



4.4 Termination Vent System

WARNING



Gas appliance must not be connected to a chimney flue serving a separate solid-fuel burning appliance.

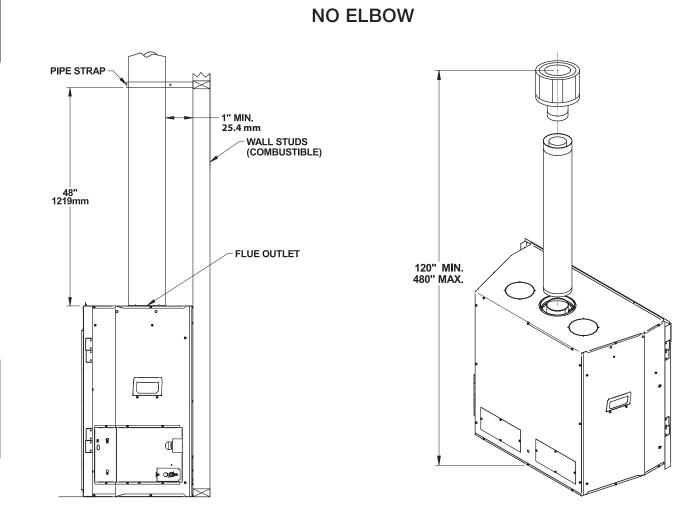
NOTICE: All outer connection joints must be sealed with aluminum tape, screws or silicone sealant rated above 300°F/149°C. The inner flue joints do not require any sealant.

4.4.1 Vertical Straight Installation

Your gas fireplace has been approved for:

- A) Vertical installations up to 40 feet in height.
- B) Two sets of 45 degree elbow offsets within these vertical installations. From 0 to a maximum of 8 ft. a vent pipe can be used between elbows.
- C) Wall straps must be used to support offset pipe every 4'.

This application will require that you first determine the roof pitch and use the appropriate venting components.



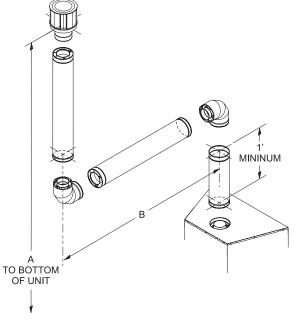
ENGLISH

4.4.2 Vertical installation

Install a horizontal pipe support used for each 3 feet of horizontal run to framing parts. Allow 3 inch clearance to combustibles above 8 inch diameter pipe and elbows, and 1 inch clearance to both sides and bottom.

Support vertical runs of this vent system every 4 feet using wall brackets attached to the vent pipe, then secured with nails or screws to structural framing.

TWO 90° ELBOWS



Example Vent Runs

Initial Pipe Length	A (Vertical)	B (Horizontal) Maximum
(In Inches)	(1	n Feet)
12	34	3
24	30	6
36	25	9
48	20	12

*Maximum horizontal run is 100% of vertical,

but cannot exceed 18 feet.

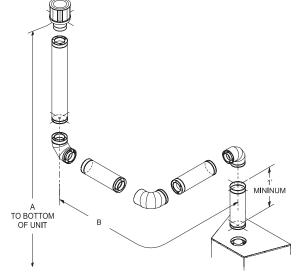
Minimum rise of the fireplace is 1 foot.

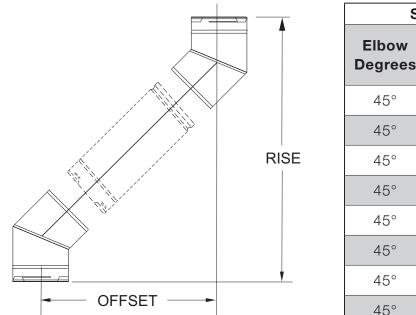
THREE 90° ELBOWS

Example Vent Runs			
Initial Pipe Length	A (Vertical)	B (Horizontal) Maximum	
(In Inches)	(In Feet)		
12	31	3	
24	27	6	
36	22	9	
48	17	12	

*Maximum horizontal run is 100% of vertical, but cannot exceed 18 feet.

Minimum rise of the fireplace is 1 foot.





Si	ze	5 in X 8 in	
Elbow Degrees	Chimney Section	Offset Inches	Rise Inches
Dogrooo	Dime	ensions in I	nches
45°	0	5-5/8	15-3/8
45°	6	8-7/8	18-3/8
45°	9	10-7/8	20-5/8
45°	12	13	22-5/8
45°	24	21-3/8	31-1/8
45°	36	29-7/8	39-3/8
45°	36	28-7/8	39-3/8
45°	48	38-1/4	47-7/8

4.4.4 Vertical Firestops

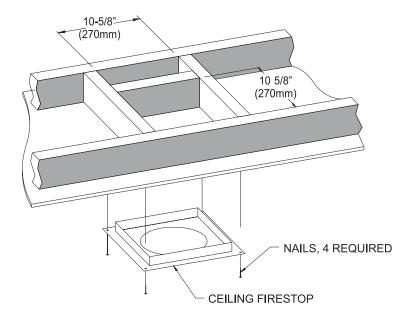
Firestops are required for safety whenever the vent system passes through an interior wall, an exterior wall, or a ceiling. These firestops act as a firebreak heat shield and as a mean to insure that minimum clearances are maintained to the vent system.

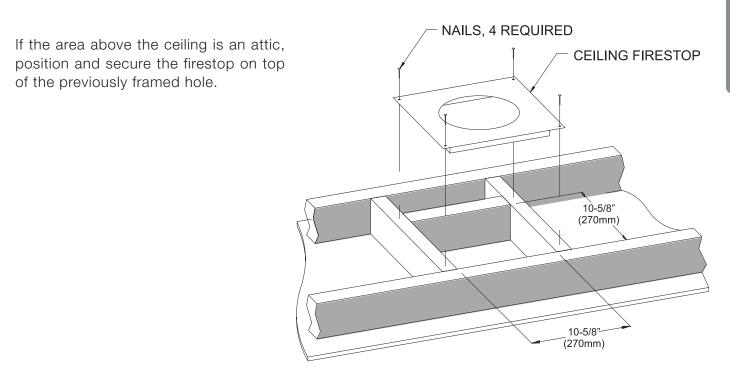
Vertical runs of this system which pass through ceilings require the use of ONE ceiling firestop at the hole in each ceiling through which the vent passes.

Position a plumb bob directly over the center of the vertical vent component and mark the ceiling to establish the center point of the vent. Drill a hole or drive a nail through this center point and check the floor above for any obstructions such as wiring or plumbing runs.

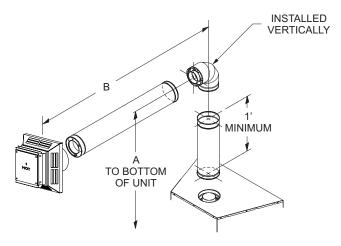
Reposition the fireplace and vent system, if necessary, to accommodate ceiling joists or obstructions. Cut a 10-5/8 inch x 10-5/8 inch hole through the ceiling, using the center point previously marked. Frame the hole with framing lumber the same size as the ceiling joists.

If the area above the ceiling is NOT an attic, position and secure the ceiling firestop on the ceiling side of the previously cut and framed hole.





NOTE: Remove insulation from the framed area in the attic before installing the firestop and/or vent pipes.



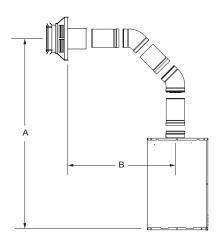
Example Vent Runs			
Initial Pipe Length	A (Vertical)	B (Horizontal) Maximum	
(Dimensions In Inches)			
12	60	24	
24	72	72	
36	84	108 (9 ft)	
48	96	144 (12 ft)	

Note: Pipe straps must be used every 2 feet to secure venting. Minimum rise of the fireplace is 1 foot.

TWO 45° ELBOWS

ONE 90° ELBOW

Note: Subtract 1-1/2 feet from the total horizontal measurement for each 45° elbow installed horizontally.

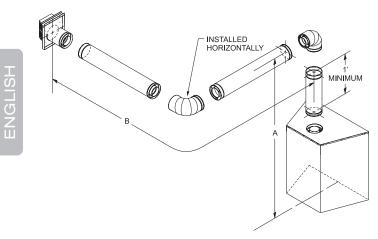


Example Vent Runs			
Initial Pipe Length	A (Vertical)	B (Horizontal) Maximum	
(In Inches)	(In Feet)		
12	6	6	
24	7	9	
36	8	12	
48	9	15	

Minimum rise of the fireplace is 1 foot.

TWO 90° ELBOWS

Note: Subtract 3 feet from the total horizontal measurement for each 90° elbow installed horizontally.

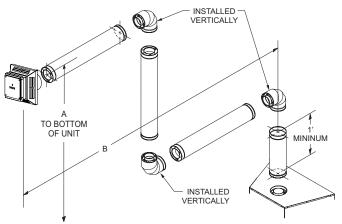


Example Vent Runs				
Initial Pipe Length	A (Vertical)	B (Horizontal) Maximum		
(Dimensions In Inches)				
12	60	Not Allowed		
24	72	36		
36	84	72 (6 ft)		
48	96	108 (9 ft)		

Minimum rise of the fireplace is 1 foot.

THREE 90° ELBOWS

Note: Subtract 3 feet from the total horizontal measurement for each 90° elbow installed horizontally. Subtract 1-1/2 feet from the total horizontal measurement for each 45° elbow installed horizontally.



Example Vent Runs				
Initial Pipe Length	A (Vertical)	B (Horizontal) Maximum		
(In Inches)	(In Feet)			
12	5	Not Allowed		
24	6	6		
36	7	9		
48	8	12		

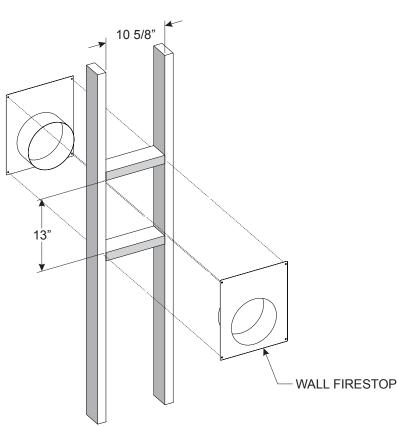
Minimum rise of the fireplace is 1 foot.

4.4.6 Horizontal Firestops

Firestops are required for safety whenever the vent system passes through an interior wall, an exterior wall, or a ceiling. These firestops act as a firebreak heat shield and as a means to insure that minimum clearances are maintained to the vent system.

Horizontal runs in the vent system which pass through either interior or exterior walls, require the use of wall firestops on both sides of the wall through which the vent passes.

Position the firestops on both sides of the framed hole, previously cut. Secure firestop with nails or screws. The heat shields of the firestops MUST BE placed towards the top of the hole. Continue the vent run through the firestops.

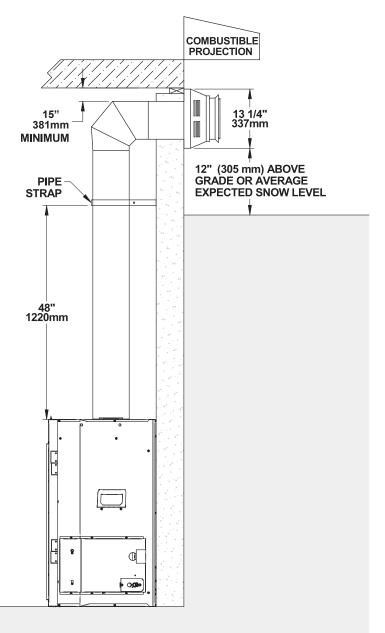


4.4.7 Below Grade Installation

When it is not possible to meet the required vent termination clearances of 12 inch (305 mm) above grade level, a snorkel kit is recommended. It allows installation depth down to 7 inch (178 mm) below grade level. The 7 inch (178 mm) is measured from the center of the horizontal vent pipe as it penetrates through the wall.

Ensure the sidewall venting clearances are observed. If venting system is installed below ground, we recommend a window well with adequate and proper drainage to be installed around the termination area.

4.4.8 Typical Basement Installation

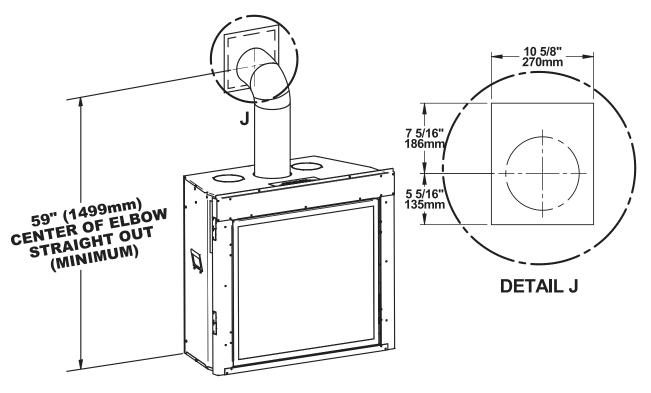


4.5 Framing

4.5.1 Positioning the Fireplace

Determine the exact position of the fireplace so the direct-vent termination will be centered (if possible) between two studs.

This will avoid any extra framing. All vent kit pipes should be assembled on the fireplace after the fireplace is moved into the final position.

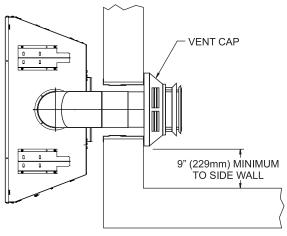


4.5.2 Cutting the Hole

After the fireplace has been positioned in its permanent location, the hole through the exterior wall can be cut.

This hole must be 10 in (254 mm) high x 10-5/8 in (270mm) wide with its center line determined by the amount of vertical rise and horizontal run of the termination.

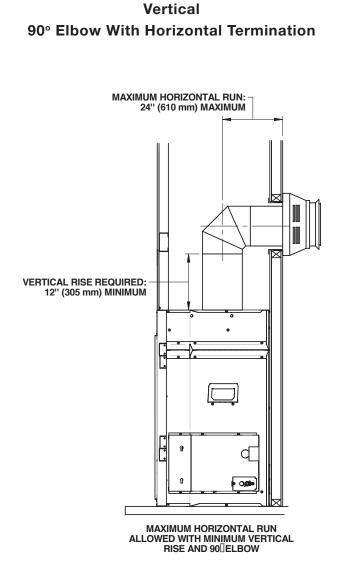
When locating the hole it must be noted that the bottom of the cap must be minimum of 12 in (305mm) above the ground level, and top of the cap must be no less than 18 in (457mm) below a combustible projection, and no closer than 9 in (229mm) to any wall running parallel to vent termination.



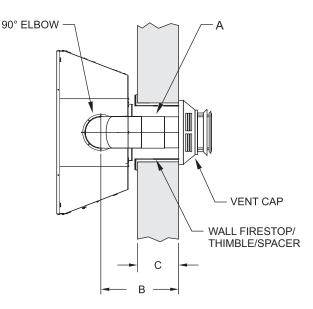
GENERIC MODEL SHOWN

4.5.3 Vent Runs

When planning the installation for the fireplace, it is necessary to install certain components before the fireplace is completely positioned and installed. These include the direct vent system, gas piping and electrical wiring.

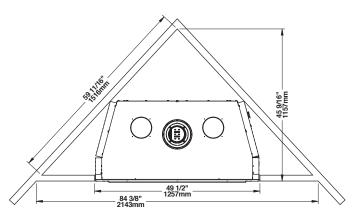


Vertical 90° Elbow To Horizontal Out The Wall (12 inch minimum rise before elbow)



DIMENSION			
А	В	С	
6 in	12 1/2 in	4 3/4 in	
9 in	15 1/2 in	4 3/4 in	
12 in	18 1/2 in	4 3/4 in	

Corner Installation Vertical, 90° Elbow To Horizontal Out The Wall



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ENGLISH

Note that for steep roof pitches, the vent

height must be increased. In high wind conditions, nearby trees, adjoining roof

lines, steep pitched roofs, and other similar

factors can result in poor draft, or downdrafting. In these cases, increasing the vent

height may solve this problem.

Locate and mark the center point of the vent pipe using a nail on the underside of the roof. Drive the nail through the center point. Mark the outline of the roof hole around this center point.

NOTICE: Size of the roof hole dimensions depend on the pitch of the roof. There must be a 1 inch (25 mm) clearance to the vertical pipe sections. This clearance is to all combustible material.

Cover the opening of the vent pipe and cut and frame the roof hole. Use framing lumber the same size as the roof rafters and install the frame securely. Flashing anchored to frame must withstand high winds. The storm collar is placed over this joint to make a water-tight seal. Non-hardening sealant should be used to completely seal this flashing installation.

4.6 Minimum Vent Height Above the Roof

Building codes specify minimum chimney and vent height above the roof top. These minimum heights are necessary in the interest of safety.

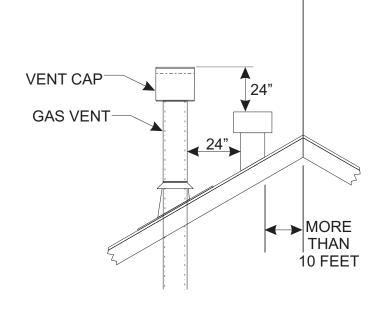


A chase is a vertical box-like structure built to enclose the gas fireplace and its vent system. Vertical vent runs on the outside of a building may be, but are not required to be installed inside a chase.

CAUTION

Treatment of firestop spacers and construction of the chase may vary with the type of building. These instructions are not substitutes for the requirements of local building codes. Check local building codes to determine the requirements for these steps.

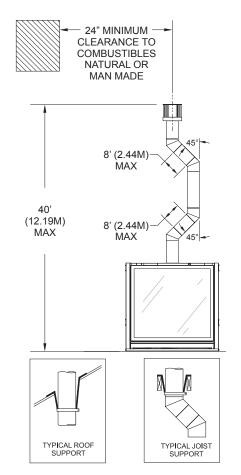
NOTICE: Build the chase large enough to maintain the minimum clearance of combustible materials (including insulation) to the vent system. When installing the vent system in a chase, insulate the chase as you would the outside walls of your home. This is especially important in cold climates. Upon completion of chase framing, install the vent system by following the instructions in this manual.



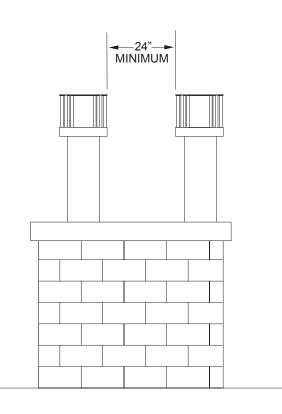


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The vertical termination cap for this fireplace must not be any closer than 24 inches to combustible materials.



If two vertical terminations are run near each other, they must be positioned at least 24 inches apart to minimize draft issues between them.



4.7.1 Approuved Venting Component

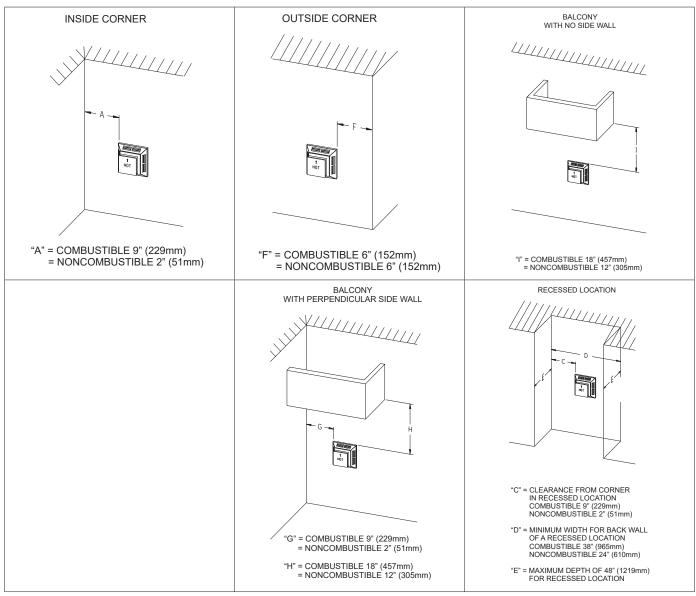
The following vent systems are acceptable for use with the SRF40:

5 in - 8 in

- Simpson Duravent® GS 5 in 8 in
- American Metal Products 5 in 8 in
- Selkirk Direct-Temp® 5 in 8 in
- Security Secure Vent® 5 in 8 in
- Excel DV Venting 5 in 8 in
- Olympia Ventis
 5 in 8 in
- BDM
- Metal Fab 5 in 8 in

4.8 Termination Clearances

Termination clearance for buildings with combustible and non-combustible exteriors.



ATTENTION DISCLAIMER Vinyl Soffit, Vinyl Ceiling, Vinyl Overhang

Clearances are to heat resistant material (i.e. wood, metal). This does not include vinyl. SBI will not be held responsible for heat damage caused from terminating under vinyl overhangs, vinyl ceilings or vinyl ventilated/unventilated soffits.

4.8.1 Vertical Sidewall Installations

Important! When vent termination exits through foundation less than 20 inch (508 mm) below siding outcrop, the vent pipe must extend outward so that the horizontal vent termination is located flush to, or beyond the outcrop siding.

5. Gas Connections

5.1 Gas Supply

The gas pipeline can be brought in through the right side of the fireplace.

Consult the current National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 CAN/CGA-B149 (.1 or .2) installation code. The fireplace has a Flexline with shut-off valve located on the left side when facing the fireplace.

Rec	Recommended Gas Pipe Diameter			
Pipe	Schedule 40 Pipe Inside Diameter		Tubing, Type L Outside Diameter	
Length (in feet)	Natural	Propane	Natural	Propane
0-10	1/2"	3/8"	1/2"	3/8"
10-40	1/2"	1/2"	5/8"	1/2"
40-100	1/2"	1/2"	3/4"	1/2"
100-150	3/4"	1/2"	7/8"	3/4"

NOTICE: Never use plastic pipe. Check to confirm whether your local codes allow copper tubing or galvanized.

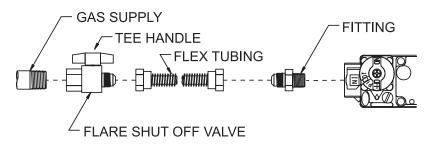
NOTICE: Since some municipalities have additional local codes, it is always best to consult your local authority and installation code.

The use of the following gas connectors is recommended:

- ANSI Z21.24 Appliance Connectors of Corrugated Metal Tubing and Fittings.
- ANSI Z21.45 Assembled Flexible Appliance Connectors of Other Than All-Metal Construction

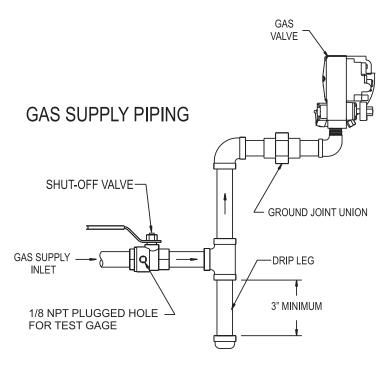
The above connectors may be used if acceptable by the authority having jurisdiction. The Commonwealth of Massachusetts requires that a flexible appliance connector cannot exceed three feet in length.

FLEXIBLE GAS LINE CONNECTION



	Gas Supply Pressure (inches w.c.)			Manifold Pressure (inches w.c.)
	Minimum	Normal	Maximum	Normal (HI)
Natural Gas	4.5	7.0	14.0	3.5
Propane Gas	10.8	11.0	14.0	10.0

A gas valve and ground joint union should be installed in the gas line upstream of the gas control to aid in servicing. It is required by the National Fuel Gas Code that a drip leg be installed near the gas inlet. This should consist of a vertical length of pipe tee connected into the gas line that is capped on the bottom in which condensation and foreign particles may collect.



5.2 Installing a New Shut-Off Valve

Each fireplace should have its own manual gas shut-off valve. A manual main gas shut-off valve should be located in the vicinity of the fireplace. Where none exists, or where its size or location is not adequate, contact your local authorized installer for installation or relocation.

Compounds used on threaded joints of gas piping shall be resistant to the action of liquefied petroleum gases. The gas lines must be checked for leaks by the installer. This should be done with a soap solution watching for bubbles on all exposed connections, and if unexposed, a pressure test should be made.

Never use an exposed flame to check for leaks. Fireplace must be disconnected from piping at inlet of control valve and pipe capped or plugged for pressure test.

Never pressure test with fireplace connected; control valve will sustain damage!

NOTICE: The gas control is equipped with a captured screw type pressure test point therefore it is not necessary to provide a 1/8 inch test point up stream of the control.

When using copper or flex connector use only approved fittings. The fireplace and its individual shut-off valve must be disconnected from supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures in excess of 1/2 psig (3.5 kPa).

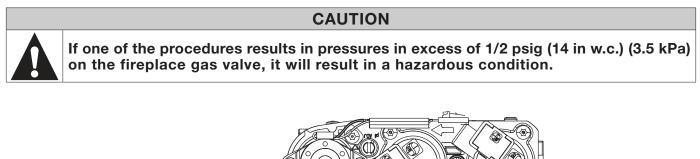
The fireplace must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing its individual manual shut-off valve during any pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at test pressures equal to or less than 1/2 psig (3.5 kPa).

5.3 Checking Manifold Pressures

Both Propane and Natural Gas valves have a built-in pressure regulator in the gas valve.

Natural Gas models will have a manifold pressure of approximately 3.5 in w.c. (0.871 kPa) at the valve outlet with the inlet pressure to the valve from a minimum of 4.5 in w.c. (1.120 kPa) for the purpose of input adjustment to a maximum of 14.0 in w.c. (3.484 kPa).

Propane Gas models will have a manifold pressure approximately 10.0 in w.c. (2.49 kPa) at the valve outlet with the inlet pressure to the valve from a minimum of 10.8 in w.c. (2.68 kPa) for the purpose of input adjustment to a maximum of 14.0 in w.c. (3.484 kPa).

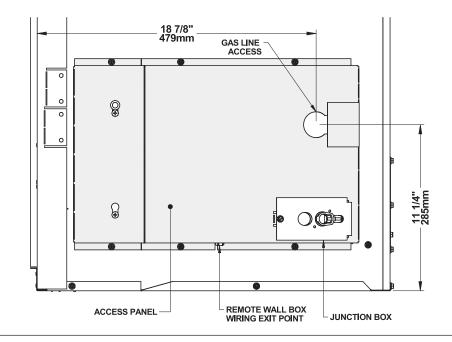




5.4 Gas Line Connection

Remove the access panel from the right side of the fireplace to access the gas valve, gas flex line, junction box, and system wiring.

Attach the gas flex line to the pre-installed gas line. Refer to the Gas Supply section in this manual for details on the installation requirements for the gas supply line.



GAS / ELECTRIC

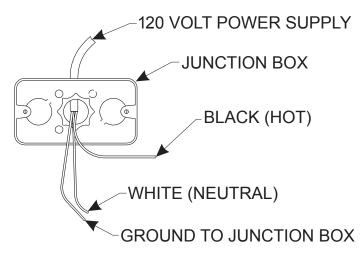
6. Electrical Connections

A factory-intalled junction box is located on the lower right side of the fireplace. Wiring must be fed to the junction box and attached with wire nuts to the control module power leads already fed into the junction box.

CAUTION

All wiring should be done by a qualified electrician and shall be in compliance with all local, city and state building codes. Before making the electrical connection, make sure that the main power supply is disconnected. The fireplace, when installed, must be electrically grounded in accordance with local codes, or in the absence of local codes, with the National Electrical Code ANSI/NFPA 70 (Latest Edition).

JUNCTION BOX CONNECTIONS



- Attach black to black and white to white.
- The ground wire should be attached to the ground on the junction box.

Interface/Battery Holder:

The user interface/battery holder must be mounted within a distance allowed by the attached 12 foot harness. As shipped, this harness is already fed through a strain relief on the bottom of the component access box and is attached to the User Interface/Battery Holder.

NOTICE: If an auxiliary device is to be used, its wiring may be fed through the junction box strain relief. Auxiliary device amperage limit is 5 amps.

NOTICE: A one inch diameter hole should be use to pass wiring through studs.

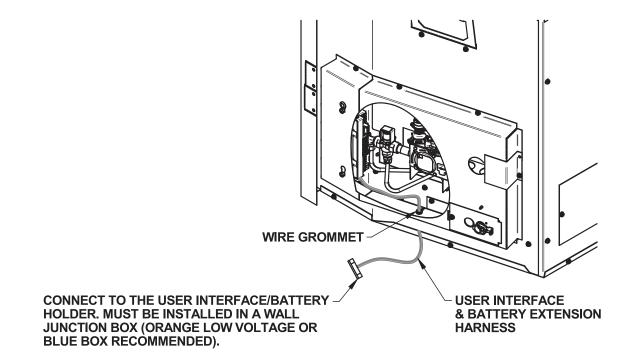
ENGLISH

6.1 Control Module Access

The fireplace is supplied with a User Interface wall box that must be installed in a standard plastic outlet box (not provided). A low voltage orange or blue box is recommended. The user interface wall box must be placed in the wall within ten feet from the right side of the fireplace. A 12 feet battery and user interface extension wire harness is supplied.

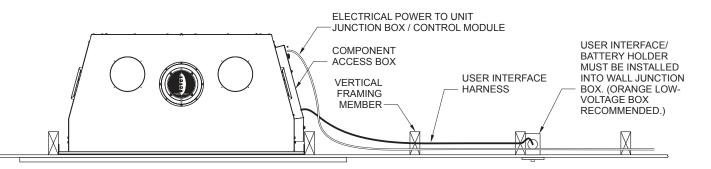
The red and black battery extension harness is connected to the red and black mating connector preinstalled on the control module. The mating connector can be located inside the fireplace near the gas valve.

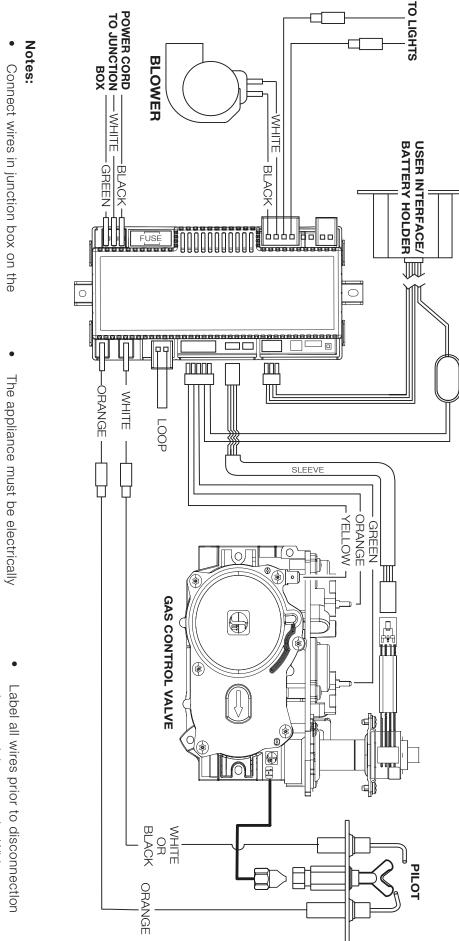
Locate and install the provided wire grommet over the low-voltage battery and interface extension harnesses at the right side of the fireplace. Snap the grommet into the hole in the side of the fireplace just under the access panel opening.



Run the extension wiring to the user interface wall box and connect the white connector to the remote receiver battery box. Install the battery box into the wall outlet box, then install the white remote cover supplied with the provided screws.

GAS / ELECTRIC





6.2 Wiring Diagram

- power. right side of the fireplace to house
- size and type of insulation as original. Replacement wire must be of the same
- canadian Electrical Code. of local codes, with the current NFPA with local codes or, in the absence connected and grounded in accordance 70-National Electric Code or CSA C22.1
 - servicing. operation. Certify proper operation after can cause improper and dangerous when servicing controls. Wiring errors

This fireplace is only for use with the type of gas indicated on the rating plate and may be installed in an aftermarket, permanently located, manufactured (mobile) home where not prohibited by local codes. This fireplace is not convertible for use with other gases, unless a certified kit is used.



CAUTION

Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation.

Verify proper operation after servicing.

APPENDIX 1: ACCESSORIES

The following accessories must be purchased separately. Their installation instructions are included in their kit and can be found on Valcourt website, in the options/Accessories section of this fireplace's page.

Description	Code	
Description	Code	

REQUIRED ACCESSORIES

Classic Wood Logs Ember and Black Glowing Wool	AC04320
Rustic Brick Panels ⁶	AC04321
Regular Black Finishing Trim⁵	AC04325
Herringbone Brick Panels ⁶	AC04326
Large Black Finishing Trim⁵	AC04328
Black Reflective Glass Panels ⁶	AC04322

OPTION

LP to NG Conversion Kit	AC04324

ENGLIS

⁵ Only one finishing trim is required

⁶ The fireplace must have a liner installed prior to operation

Valcourt

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